

UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION

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TITLE: METHOD OF OPENING AND CLOSING A BI-FOLD DOOR

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application is a division of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/314,529
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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention is in the art of methods for opening and closing bi-fold doors with power lifts having reversible motor driven winches.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Agricultural, aviation, and commercial buildings have large side and end walls with openings to accommodate vehicles, equipment, aircraft and large machinery. Bi-fold doors hinged to side and end wall frames of the building are used to selectively open and close the openings. Bi-fold doors have upper and lower door panels hinged along adjacent sections with the upper panel hinged to the headers located above the openings. Manually operated winches have been used to open and close bi-fold doors. Winches driven with electric motors are also used to open and close bi-fold doors. The winches have cables, such as aircraft cable, and cylindrical drums which rotate to wind and unwind cables on and from the drums. The cables wind along the length of the drums which have longitudinal lengths to accommodate the cable turns. The upper ends of the cables are secured to the top of the upper door panel. The electric motors rotate the drums to wind the cables on the drums to open the bi-fold doors. When the drive of the electric motors is reversed, the cables are unwound from the drums to allow the bi-fold doors to move from the open positions to the closed positions. The bi-fold door opening and closing episodes occur at a constant speed determined by the speed of rotation of the winch drums. The cables require periodic adjustments and maintenance and are subject to wear which reduces their working life.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention is a method and apparatus for opening and closing a bi-fold door in a minimum of time without loss of headroom in the structure having side and end walls with an opening closed with a bi-fold door. The bi-fold door has upper and lower panels pivotally connected with hinges that allow the panels to be moved from a planar aligned closed position to a

web wound on the cylindrical member. The closing speed of the door decreases as the web is unwound from the cylindrical member.

The door lifting devices with the webs are efficient, quiet, and relatively simple structures that have heavy duty and durable characteristics. There are less maintenance and adjustments of the door lifting devices as compared to prior manual and electric door opening systems. The webs are attractive in appearance and can be replaced with a minimum of time and labor.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a bi-fold door closing a doorway of a building equipped with the door opening and closing apparatus of the invention;

Figure 2 is a perspective view of the bi-fold door of Figure 1 in the open position;

Figure 3 is a perspective view of the inside of the bi-fold door of Figure 1 in a partly open position;

Figure 4 is an enlarged foreshortened elevational view of the bi-fold door opening and closing apparatus of the invention;

Figure 5 is a perspective view of a door lift device of the bi-fold door opening and closing apparatus;

Figure 6 is an enlarged elevational view of the anchor for the web of the bi-fold door lift device;

Figure 7 is a sectional view taken along line 7-7 of Figure 6;

Figure 8 is an enlarged sectional view taken along line 8-8 of Figure 7;

Figure 9 is an enlarged sectional view taken along line 9-9 of Figure 4;

Figure 10 is a sectional view taken along line 10- 10 of Figure 9;

Figure 11 is an enlarged sectional view taken along line 11-11 of Figure 9;

Figure 12 is a foreshortened elevational view of the inside of a bi-fold door equipped with a first modification of the door opening and closing apparatus of the invention;

Figure 13 is a front elevational view of the roller assembly shown in Figure 12;

Figure 14 is a sectional view taken along line 14-14 of Figure 13 with the web located about the rollers of the roller assembly;

Figure 15 is a front elevational view of the anchor for the web shown in Figure 12;

Figure 16 is a sectional view taken along line 16-16 of Figure 15 with the web attached to the anchor;

Figure 17 is a foreshortened elevational view of the inside of a bi-fold door equipped with a second modification of the door opening and closing apparatus of the invention; and

Figure 18 is a sectional view taken along line 18-18 of Figure 17.

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Bi-fold doors are used in large and small buildings to conserve headroom and close relatively wide and high door openings. A bi-fold door 15 shown in Figure 1 has an upper panel 18 and a lower panel 19 located in vertical orientation closing door opening or passageway 17 in an exterior wall 16 of a building. Panels 18 and 19 are rectangular framed structures having exterior sheeting, such as wood, plastic or metal. As shown in Figure 3, a plurality of hinges 21 pivotally connect adjacent horizontal frame members of panels 18 and 19 to allow panels 18 and 19 to fold upwardly to an open side-by-side position as shown in Figure 2. The top frame member 20 of upper panel 18 is connected to the header of wall 16 with a plurality of hinges 22. The outer ends of the lower frame member 23 of panel 19 supports rollers 24 which ride on upright tracks 26 and 27 located adjacent opposite ends of door 15.

Bi-fold door 15 is selectively moved to its open and closed positions with door lift devices indicated generally at 28, 29, 30, and 31 spaced along the length of the door. Door lift devices 28-

31 have elongated flexible webs 32, 33, 34 and 35 attached to anchors 36, 37, 38 and 39 on bottom frame 53 of panel 18 and winches 41, 42, 43 and 44. The webs 32-35 are elongated flexible, flat and substantially non-elastic members of plastic and fiber materials, such as Nylon and polyester webs. The width of each web is 2 to 6 inches. The size and width of the web can vary to accommodate the load of bi-fold door. Other types of materials can be used to make the webs. The number of door lift devices is selected according to the length, height, and weight of the bi-fold door. Large bi-fold doors can have more than four door lift devices. Small bi-fold doors can be opened and closed with two door lift devices. A drive shaft 46 coupled to each winch 41-44 is rotated with a power unit 47 to concurrently operate winches 41-44 to wind the web 32-35 on generally cylindrical members to open door 15 and allow the webs 32-35 to unwind from the cylindrical members to close door 15. Several power units can be used to operate winches 41-44 and additional winches driveably connected to shaft 46.

The door lift devices 28-31 are identical in structure and function. The details of lift device 31 shown in Figures 4 to 11 are included in lift devices 28, 30, the following description is directed to lift device 31.

As shown in Figures 4 and 5, an upper portion of web 35 extends through a roller assembly 48 mounted on top frame 20 of panel 18. Roller assembly 48 comprises an inverted U-shaped bracket 49 secured with welds or bolts to frame 20. A bolt 51 mounted on bracket 49 supports a roller or sleeve 52 within U-shaped bracket 49. Web 35 trained over roller 52 extends downwardly to anchor 39 mounted on bottom frame 53 of panel 18. The free end of web 35 is attached to anchor 39, as shown in Figures 7 and 8. Anchor 39 has angle supports 54 and 56 secured to frame 53 of panel 18. A tubular sleeve 57 located between supports 54 and 56 has an end 71 extended through hole 58 in support 56. The opposite end of sleeve 57 is connected to a nut 59 with a weld 61. A threaded member 62 accommodates nut 59 and extends through a hole 63 in support 54. A

washer 64 surrounding member 62 engages the outside of support 56 and a nut 66 threaded on member 62. When nut 66 is turned in one direction washer 64 is clamped tight against support 54 to hold sleeve 57 in a fixed position. When nut 66 is turned in the opposite direction the clamp pressure of washer 64 on support 54 is released allowing sleeve 57 to rotate on supports 54 and 56. A middle section of sleeve 57 has a longitudinal slot 67 having a length to accommodate web 35. As shown in Figures 7 and 8, web 35 has an end loop 68 extended through slot 67. A rod 67 within sleeve 57 extends through loop 68 to anchor web 35 on sleeve 57. The end 71 of sleeve 57 is turned to wind web 35 on sleeve 57 to adjust the working length of web 35. Nut 66 is turned down to fix the adjusted position of sleeve 57. Sleeve 57, member 62 and nut 66 cooperating with support 56 is an appliance used to adjust the working length of web 35. All of the anchors 36-39 are adjusted to take up the slack of webs 32- 35 and equalize the operating or working lengths of webs 32-35. As shown in Figures 5, 9 and 10, winch 44 is mounted on bottom frame 23 with a pair of upright support plates 72 and 73. The lower portions of plates 72 and 73 are secured to frame 23 with welds. Fasteners, such as bolts, can be used to secure plates 72 and 73 to frame 23. Plates 72 and 73 are parallel and laterally spaced from each other. Bearings 74 and 76 accommodating drive shaft 46 are mounted on plates 72 and 73. As shown in Figures 10 and I 1, a bushing or generally cylindrical member 77 surrounds and is secured to the center section of shaft 46 between plates 72 and 73. Member 77 has a generally cylindrical outer surface 78 providing a drum surface for web 35. A pair of web guide plates 79 and 81 are secured to shaft 46 adjacent opposite ends of member 77. Web 35 has a looped end 82 located between guide plates 79 and 81. A rigid rod or bolt 83 extends through looped end 82 attaches web 35 to plates 79 and 81. A nut 84 retains bolt 83 on plates 79 and 81. As seen in Figure 11, member 77 has a notch 86 accommodating a portion of looped end 82 and bolt 83 to reduce shear forces on bolt 83 and provide smooth spiral winding of web 35 around member 77.

An arcuate shield 87 extended between support plates 72 and 73 encloses guide plates 79 and 81, member 77 and looped end of web 35. Shield 87 is a split cylindrical member that rides on the outer circular edges of plates 79 and 81. A central section of shield 87 has a longitudinal slot 88 for web 35 which extends upwardly to roller assembly 48 and downwardly from roller assembly 48 to anchor 39. Web 35 retains shield 87 aligned with plates 79 and 81 and limits rotation of shield 89.

As shown in Figures 5 and 9, the upper portions of support plates 72 and 73 have recesses or cut outs 92 and 93 accommodating shaft 46. Winch 44 and shaft 46 are mounted as a unit on support plates 72 and 73 by locating winch 44 between plates 72 and 73. Bearings 74 and 76 accommodating shaft 46 are secured to support plates 72 and 73 to retain winch 44 and shaft 46 on plates 72 and 73.

Winches 41-44 can be mounted on frame 20 of upper panel 18. The webs 32-35 can extend downwardly from the winches around roller units attached to frame 23 to anchors mounted on lower panel 19. A power unit 47 having a reversible electric motor 96 mounted on panel 18 turns a drive shaft 46 connected to the winches to concurrently operate the winches to open and close the bi-fold door 15. Returning to Figure 4, power unit 47 includes a gear box 94 driven with a reversible electric motor 96. An electric brake unit 97 connects motor 96 to gear box 94. Brake unit 97 locks gear box when the electric power to motor 96 is shut off which prevents movement of bi-fold door 15. Gear box 94 is driveably connected to shaft 46 to selectively rotate shaft 46 in opposite directions thereby concurrently operating winches 41-44 to open and close bi-fold door 15. A jack shaft chain and sprocket drive can be used to operatively connect gear box 94 with shaft 46. A limit switch unit 98 mounted on the frame of panel 19 adjacent motor 96 controls the electric power to motor 96 responsive to the open and closed positions of bi-fold door 15. A chain and sprocket drive 99 driveably connects limit switch 98 to shaft 46 to index limit switch 98 with the

The door operator closes door 15 by actuating the down push button of switch 101. This reverses the drive of motor 96 whereby gear box 94 turns drive shaft 46 in a direction to unwind web 35 from member 77. This causes panels 18 and 19 to pivot relative to each other until they are aligned thereby closing door opening 17. The closing speed of door 15 decreases as the door moves down to the closed position due to the unwinding of web 35 from member 77.

A first modification of the bi-fold door 115 and door lift device for opening and closing the door is shown in Figures 12-16. The parts of bi-fold door 115 that correspond to the parts of bi-fold door 15 and door lift device 31 have the same reference number with the prefix 1.

Bi-fold door 115 is selectively moved to open and closed positions with door lift devices spaced along the length of the door. A door lift device 131, shown in Figure 13, has an elongated, flexible and flat web 135 trained around a roller assembly 148 and attached to an anchor 139. Roller assembly 148 is secured to door frame 120. Anchor 139 is secured to a lower frame of door panel 118 to permit convenient adjustment of the tension and working length of web 135.

Roller assembly 148, shown in Figures 13 and 14, has a pair of angle brackets 149 and 151 secured with welds to frame 120. A pair of tubular members or cylindrical sleeves 152 and 153 extended between brackets 149 and 151 secured with welds to frame 120. A pair of tubular members of cylindrical sleeves 152 and 153 extended between brackets 149 and 151 are mounted on bolts 154 and 156.

Bolts 154 and 156 extend through aligned holes in brackets 149 and 151 to retain sleeves 152 and 153 on the brackets 149 and 151. Sleeves 152 and 153 are free to rotate on bolts 154 and 156. As shown in Figure 14, sleeves 152 and 153 are laterally off-set from each other. Web 135 extends around sleeve 152 and bends about sleeve 153 toward anchor 139.

Anchor 139 has a pair of angle brackets 157 and 158 secured to door frame 159 with welds. A tubular sleeve 161 located between brackets 157 and 158 has one end 162 extended through a

hole in bracket 158 and another end connected to a first nut 163. A threaded member 164 accommodating a second nut 166 and a washer 167 is threaded into first nut 163 to mount sleeve 161 on bracket 157. The middle of sleeve 161 has an elongated slot 168 having a length to accommodate web 135. As shown in Figure 16, web 135 has an end extended through slot 168 and wrapped around sleeve 161 to secure the web to sleeve 161. Sleeve 161 is rotated to wrap several turns of the web around sleeve 161. The end 162 of sleeve 161 is turned to wind web 135. All of the anchors for the webs are adjustable to take up slack of the webs and equalize web tensions and working lengths of the webs.

Returning to Figure 12, power unit 147 has a gear box 194 coupled to an electrical brake 197 which is operated with an electric motor 196. A pair of chain and sprocket drives 169 and 171 transmit power from gear box 194 to drive shaft 146.

In use when bi-fold door 115 is closed, as shown in Figure 12, panels 118 and 119 are located in a common vertical plane closing a doorway in a structure. Electric motor 196 is operated and electric brake is released to deliver power to gear box 194. Chain and sprocket drives 169 and 171 transmit power to drive shaft 146. Shaft 146 operates all of the winches including winch 144 to wind up the webs. The windings of the webs on the winches overlap each other. This increases the working diameters of the webs on the winches and the speed of the opening episode of bi-fold door 115. When the operation of electric motor 196 is reversed, the webs unwind from the winches. This causes panels 118 and 119 to pivot relative to each other until they are vertically aligned thereby closing the doorway. The closing speed of door 115 decreases as the door 115 moves down to the closed position.

A second modification of the bi-fold door 215 and lift device for opening and closing the door is shown in Figures 17 and 18. The parts of bi-fold door 215 that correspond to the parts of bi-fold door 15 and door lift device 31 have the same reference numbers with the prefix 2.

Bi-fold door 215 is selectively moved to open and closed positions with door lift devices spaced along the length of the door. A door lift device 231, shown in Figure 17, has an elongated, flexible and flat web 235 trained around a roller assembly 248 and attached to an anchor 239. Roller assembly 248 is secured to door frame 220. Anchor 239 is secured to a lower frame 223 of door panel 219 to permit convenient adjustment of the tension and working length of web 235.

Roller assembly 248, shown in Figure 18, has a U-shaped bracket 252 secured with welds to frame 220. A roller 253 rotatably mounted on bracket 252 engages web 235 to direct web 235 from winch 244 down to anchor 239.

Anchor 239 has a pair of angle brackets 257 and 258 secured to door frame 223. A tubular sleeve 261 located between brackets 257 and 258 has one end attached to sleeve 261. The structure of anchor 239 is the same as anchor 139 shown in Figures 15 and 16. Sleeve 261 is rotated to adjust the working length and tension of web 235 the lock nut operatively connected to sleeve 261 retains the adjusted working length of web 235. All of the anchors for the webs are adjustable to take up slack of the webs and equalize web tensions and working lengths of the webs.

Returning to Figures 17, power unit 247 has a gear box 294 coupled to an electrical brake 297 which is operated with an electric motor 296. A pair of chain and sprocket drives 269 and 271 transmit power from gear box 294 to drive shaft 246. The power unit 247 is mounted on a header 300 or building structure located across the top of the doorway 301 in the side or end wall of the structure. The support plates 272 and 273 for winch 244 are mounted on header 300. Drive shaft 246 is located adjacent header 300 above doorway 301.

In use when bi-fold door 215 is closed, as shown in Figure 17, panels 218 and 219 are located in a common vertical plane closing doorway 301 in a structure. Electric motor 296 is operated and electric brake 297 is released to deliver power to gear box 294. Chain and sprocket drives 269 and 271 transmit power to drive shaft 246. Shaft 246 operates all of the winches

including winch 244 to wind up the webs. The windings of the webs on the winches overlap each other. This increases the working diameters of the webs on the winches and the speed of the opening episode of bi-fold door 215. When the operation of electric motor 296 is reversed, the webs unwind from the winches. This causes panels 218 and 219 to pivot relative to each other until they are vertically aligned thereby closing doorway 301. The closing speed of door 215 decreases as the door 215 moves down to the closed position.

While the invention has been described in connection with several embodiments thereof, it is understood by those skilled in the art that changes and arrangements of structures and materials may be made without departing from the scope of the invention.